## J Steven Newman, 08:27 AM 2/4/2003 -0500, External Tank: Critical Processes / CFC Replacement

X-Sender: snewman@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 08:27:14 -0500
To: boconnor@hq.nasa.gov
From: J Steven Newman <snewman@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: External Tank:Critical Processes / CFC Replacements
Cc: jlloyd@hq.nasa.gov, prutledg@hq.nasa.gov, mkowales@hq.nasa.gov, wbihner@mail.hq.nasa.gov, prichardson@hq.nasa.gov

Bryan:

Several notes and suggestions based on work experience as Chief Environmental Engineer in OSF leading the replacement of Ozone Depleting Substances (1990-1994)

External Tank Blowing Agents

Main ET acreage blowing agent CFC-11 replaced with HCFC-141B. Other blowing agents for close out items at Cape also replaced - I am researching / finding old files. Requalification of new materials and processes was obviously a critical concern. At some point the Materials branch of the Fault Tree will want to closely examine this issue.

2. External Tank Precision Cleaning Agents

Even more critical in both the ET and especially the SRM is surface preparation (precision cleaning) of metal pre-bonding. Any separation of material from a metallic substrate raises questions related to PROCESS branch of Fault Tree. In this case it is a process and a material question. The SSP, prior to the phase out used copiou amounts of Freon 113 (CFC-113) and a material called 1,1,1, TCA for precision cleaning prior to bonding operations. Need to investigate and identify the current surface preparation process for Orbiter bi-pod attach struts.

### 3. Method of Evaluation in Moving From the What to the Why

It may be useful to take a process failure perspective. For example if we identify the triggering event as foam breaking off the Orbiter bipod and hitting the Orbiter we will want to pursue:

#### A Potential Process Failures:

Bipod Foam Material Integrity

Bibod Foam Application/surface prep process

Bipod foam application process human error, etc.

#### B. In-Line Critical Process Controls

Critical importance to identify in-place control processes for each crit sub-process involved. Why did control fail?

### C. External (independent assessment) controls over critical process

What external independent control processes were operative? DCMA?, NASA QA?, USA second set of eyes?

### D. Resource/Requirements Balance enabling the critical process

Critical process integrity, water pressure, staffing, time factors, etc.

### 4. Independent reviews of USAGO

Please note that we have three recent (in last four years) independent assessment reports on various aspects of SSP/USAGO processes, including a workfor5ce survey of 72 wrench turners. . 'These may become important later.

Continuing to work the Highly secure Work Group capability. Meanwhile I will dig into the files and try to work up more ET / foam / precision cleaning material immediately.

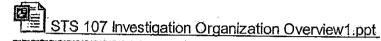
R/Steve



## Wayne R. Frazier, 09:20 AM 2/4/2003 -0500, STS 107 Investigation Organization Overview.ppt

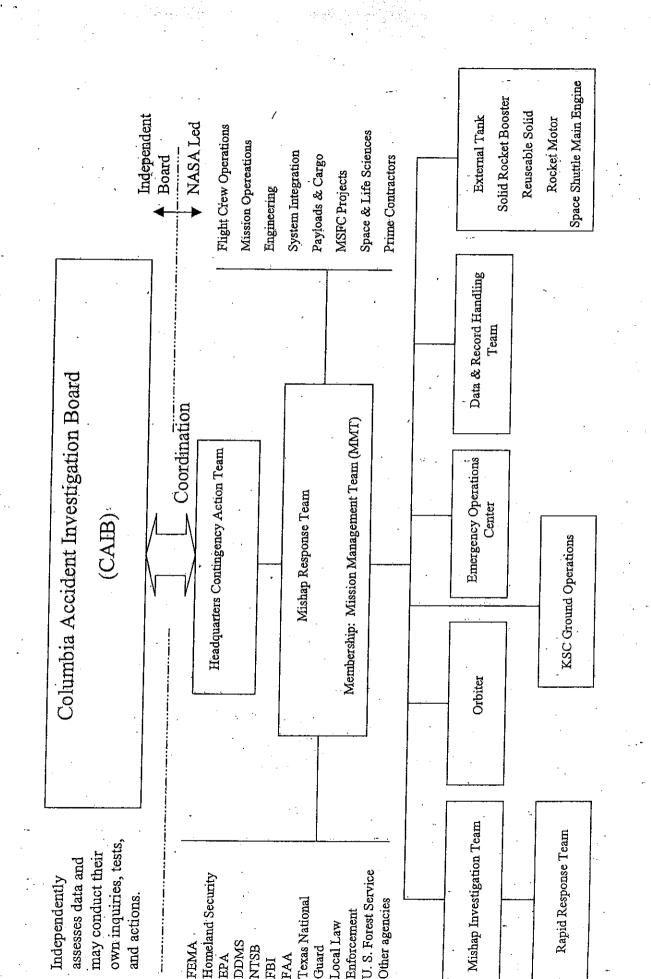
X-Sender: wfrazier@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 09:20:55 -0500
To: jlloyd@hq.nasa.gov, jlemke@hq.nasa.gov, fchandle@hq.nasa.gov, prutledg@hq.nasa.gov
From: "Wayne R. Frazier" <wfrazier@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: STS 107 Investigation Organization Overview.ppt

Fresh from Bill Hill



Wayne R. Frazier NASA Headquarters - Code QS Office of Safety and Mission Assurance Washington, DC 20546-0001 Ph: 202 358-0588 Fax: 202 358-3104

"Mission success starts with safety"



# Michael Stamatelatos, 08:59 AM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident I

X-Sender: mstamate@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 08:59:50 -0500 To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov> From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation Board (CAIB)

Pete:

Attached is a short description of a scenario that may be important for STS-107. I have a telecon with the shuttle PRA group at 11:30 AM today.

Michael

At 07:49 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, you wrote: Code Q staff members,

As you may know Bryan is the ex-officio member of the Columbia Accident Investigation Board. He left for Barksdale AFB this afternoon around noon time. That is where he will meet up with the other CAIB members.

One of our main jobs in the immediate future will be to support him. We can support him in at least three ways: 1. We can respond to his requests. 2. We can collect, on our own initiative, data that could be of use to him (but we need to proceed most carefully on this one). 3. We can suggest questions or avenues of investigation that he might be able to inject into the work

Attached is a rough list we prepared today of investigative areas—for the most part these are areas in which the SMA community has some special expertise. For each area we have tentatively named an OSMA lead (and in some cases more than one person to work together). If you can think of other areas that we have not captured, and should, let me know. If we've associated you with the wrong area(s) or failed to associate you with the right area(s), let me know. We don't want to disrupt the investigation—we want to be prudent; we want to help before you take any action, write down your plan in a clear, concise manner, and send it to mestate what you might be able to do and how you would propose to do it. Then wait for a goalead from Jim or me. Keep in mind that we have asked the SMA directors at JSC, MSFC, appropriate.

We have also asked all 10 SMA directors to think of questions or issues that Bryan might pursue with the CAIB. I will be collecting these inputs. Your questions and issues are solicited, as well. Put your investigator hat on, think about this, do your own personal fault trees and hazard analyses, send me your ideas. I'll collect them up, as well, to send to Bryan.

Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks,

Pete

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D. Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division Office of Safety and Mission Assurance NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778 e-mail: nete rufledge/

e-mail: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

Mission Success Starts with Safety!



Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
300 E Street, SW
Washington, DC 20024
Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
E-mail: Michael G. Stamatelatos@nasa.gov
(Please note change in e-mail address)

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### Potential Scenario for STS-107

1. A piece of insulation from ET debonding detaches and impacts the orbiter

2. The impact causes removal or partial detachment of tile(s)

3. Alternately, the impact causes an indentation of significant size

4. Damage progresses due to air loads and thermal heating loads during ascent but without significant consequences because of decreasing atmosphere density

 During rentry, the mechanical and thermal loads from aerodynamic heating continue the damage to the orbiter; The orbiter condition from #4 above is used as input to this analysis

6. The aerodynamic heating and mechanical loads are exacerbated by the presence of local hot spots that are generated in the areas of damage

- 7. Heating increases and propagates into the orbiter due to contact to metal surfaces
- 8. Fuel lines or cells become exposed to excessive heating and explosion occurs.

This scenario can be analyzed with a combination of system PRA programs (e.g., QRAS), thermal analysis and structural programs (e.g., NASTRAN). An event tree can be developed and the success criteria, probabilities, and uncertainties can be calculated by thermal and structural programs.

### Known input information:

- Time and size of the detached piece of insulation
- Time of the explosion during rentry

From these, the shuttle velocity and associated cumulative heating and mechanical loads can be calculated with associated uncertainties.

# Vernon W Wessel, 08:00 AM 2/4/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

X-Info: ODIN / NASA Glenn Research Center
X-Sender: rqwess@popserve.grc.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 5.1.1
Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 08:00:32 -0500
To: prufledg@hq.nasa.gov
From: Vernon W Wessel < Vernon.W.Wessel@nasa.gov>
Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation
Board (CAIB)

### Good Morning Pete,

I sent a request to our entire OSAT staff yesterday as to questions they might ask. I'll compile them and send to you in the next couple of days. Sometimes there are a few gems in lists like this. My question would be the construct on the event mishap sequence timeline probably only looking a reentry to vehicle loss initially. Probably has been accomplished but can lead to real course the placed against the 100 plus data points of successful vehicle return. Then of MORT diagrams. Assume Bryan is on top of this and with no more information than I have I cannot do much more than think process.

Here Lois has been working the PBMA element of the investigation with Steve, and Frank is looking into a Payload Hazard Summary. I'll get the listing of possible questions to you ASAP. If nothing else it will let you know the things in the mind of a somewhat educated public.

Thank You, Bill

## At 07:40 AM 2/3/2003 -0500, you wrote:

Pete, Just to let you know, I have requested from Yolanda's folks the ET TPS hazards (received this AM) and the PRA scenarios that lead to early entry LOV. Soon, all our requests will be focused through a single point of contact called the NASA Task Force Action Center. But for now, it's a bit of a flail. It will be easy, if we are not careful, to overwhelm the system, so once that system is up and running, all our ins and outs will be run through that entity. By the way, I'm very impressed with our Board and especially its chairman. We are up and running a full 4 weeks at least ahead of schedule compared to the Challenger BRP. Having lam optimistic.

# At 07:49 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, you wrote: Code Q staff members.

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Attached is a rough list we prepared today of investigative areas—for the most part these are areas in which the SMA community has some special expertise. For each area we have tentatively named an OSMA lead (and in some cases more than one person to work together). If you can think of other areas that we have not captured, and should, let me know. If we've associated you with the wrong area(s) or failed to associate you with the right want to help Bryan. Think about whether and how you might be able to be helpful in these areas; then, before you take any action, write down your plan in a clear, concise manner, and wait for a go-ahead from Jim or me. Keep in mind that we have asked the SMA directors at

# Vernon W Wessel, 08:00 AM 2/4/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

JSC, MSFC, KSC, LaRC, ARC, and SSC to work with us as needed, so this can be part of your plan, if appropriate.

We have also asked all 10 SMA directors to think of questions or issues that Bryan might pursue with the CAIB. I will be collecting these inputs: Your questions and issues are solicited, as well. Put your investigator hat on, think about this, do your own personal fault trees and hazard analyses, send me your ideas. I'll collect them up, as well, to send to Bryan.

Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks,

Pete

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D.
Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division
Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778 e-mail: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

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O'C

Bryan O'Connor Associate Administrator Office of Safety and Mission Assurance

Vernon W.(Bill) Wessel Director, Safety and Assurance Technologies Directorate

National Aeronautics and Space Administration John H. Glenn Research Center Mail Stop: 3-6 21000 Brookpark Road Cleveland, Ohio 44135

Phone: (216) 433-2350 FAX: (216) 977-7005

E-Mail: Vernon.W.Wessel@grc.nasa.gov

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# Michael Stamatelatos, 03:48 PM 2/4/2003 -0500, Fwd: Scenario

X-Sender: mstamate@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 15:48:04 -0500 To: prutledg@hq.nasa.gov From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Fwd: Scenario

Pete: Sorry. I forgot to copy you to this. Michael

Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 15:43:07 -0500 To: prichard@hq.nasa.gov From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Scenario

Pam:
I gave this scenario to Pete yesterday morning.
He asked me today to send it to you to put into the material to be sent to Bryan.
Michael

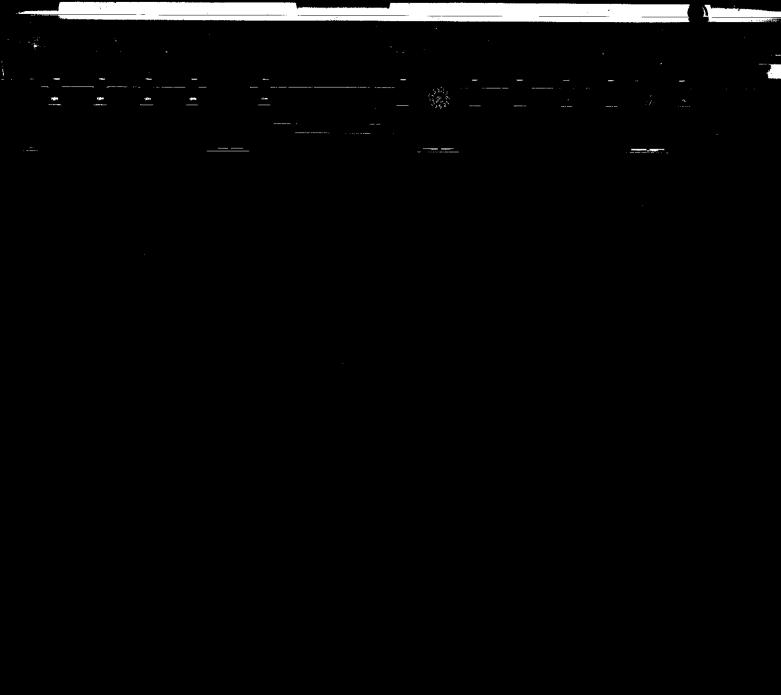
# Scenario1.doc

Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
300 E Street, SW
Washington, DC 20024
Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
E-mail: Michael G. Stamatelatos@nasa.gov
(Please note change in e-mail address)

"Mission success starts with safety"

Printed for Pete Rutledge <Peter J Rutledge@pass gave

02/03/03 8:00 AM Michael Stamatelatos, Code QE A potential scenario for



# 02/03/03 8:00 AM Michael Stamatelatos, Code QE

A potential scenario for STS-107 that has not been considered in the Space Shuttle PRA is the following one:

- A piece of insulation from ET debonding detaches and impacts the orbiter
- The impact causes removal or partial detachment of tile(s)
- a Alternately, the impact causes an indentation of significant size
- Damage progresses due to air loads and thermal heating during ascent but without great consequences due to decreasing atmosphere density
- During rentry, the mechanical and thermal loads from aerodynamic heating continue the damage to the orbiter that began during launch
- The aerodynamic heating and mechanical loads are exacerbated by the presence of local hot spots generated in the areas of damage
- Heating increases and propagates to the orbiter through conducting surfaces
- □ Fuel lines or cells become exposed to excessive heating and explosion occurs.

Important points of this scenario that were not considered in the Shuttle PRA are

- a damage incurred in the ascent phase continues in the reentry phase, and
- heating in damaged area causes hot spots, i.e., higher thermal and structural loads than heating of smooth surfaces.

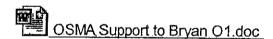
## Jonathan B. Mullin, 10:57 AM 2/3/2003 -0500, OSMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as

X-Sender: jmullin@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 10:57:26 -0500
To: prutledg@hq.nasa.gov
From: "Jonathan B. Mullin" <jmullin@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: OSMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as
Ex-Officio member of Space Shuttle Mishap Investigation Board (SSMIB)
Cc: Matthew Gaier <mgaier@hq.nasa.gov>, wharkins@hq.nasa.gov,
eraynor@hq.nasa.gov, jlemke@hq.nasa.gov

Pete, some recommendations in to the assignments are indicated in Yellow. I think we need to add some Flight (Aviation Safety) into the tasked areas. I would recommend that we do a priority listing of the enclosed topics. Perhaps there is a need to coordinate some of our areas with Code AM as they may overlap, such as Human Factors.

Regards, Jon

Jonathan B. Mullin Manager Operational Safety Emergency Preparedness Coordinator Headquarters National Aeronautics and Space Administration Phone (202) 358-0589 FAX (202) 358-3104 "Mission Success Starts with Safety"



As of: February 2, 2003

SMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as Ex-Officio member of Space Shuttle Mishap Investigation Board (SSMIB)

SMA-Related Investigative Area	Pemarks		
Hazard renorts Hamilt Pussa En CEA	ANCELIALIA	OSMA Lead	_
	Relates to work of Space Shuttle System Safety	Mark K Bill D	
	Review Panel (SSRP); especially nertaining to	TAMES IN DILL D.	
	ET foam: P or impact on Outline		
Risk	and wife, unbact oil Officer		
Payload cafety (as con-	Accepted risks for this mission?	Mark K. Bill B	
and road salety (as cause of mishap)	Relates to work of Payload Safety Review Panel	With Card Tale	_,_
	(PSRP). Interest includes potential for hazardous	Castallano	
Particular for the Comment	payloads to have caused catastrophe		
ayload salety (satety of recovery)	Includes radiological and other hazardons	Tohn I sessar/Cantumate	
Darle Long L. Craves Ja	payload contents	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	•
Troopen nends (HW/SW)	Relates to Problem Reporting and C.		
	Action (PRACA): initially, pro- 11.1	Paul Boldon (SW PRs),	
	from 11	Mark K., Bill B. (HW	
Onality	toam problems may be of most interest?	PRs)	
(arman)	Material Review Board actions, repairs, etc	Tom Whitmeyer	
•	initially especially in regard to foam and tile	To Coverno La Caración de la Caració	<u> </u>
	installation and repair; contractor/supplier		
D. 1. 1.	surveillance		
Frobabilistic Kisk Assessment (PRA)	Initial inferest includes 1990 Pate-Cornell PRA	Michael Stamotalata	
-	of Shuttle tile installation process, as well as	TITITION DEGLIDATOS	
	current Shuttle PRA		
rre-launch reviews	Includes Pre-launch Assessment Reviews.	Mark K Bill B	
	Mission Safety Evaluations, waivers, deviations	TAMEN AND DAM DO	
	rules changes, limited life items, etc.		
Expected casualty, Ec (post-mishap)	Includes collecting Asia from this		٠
	to calculate Ec for Shuttle re-entry	Fat Martin (with Maria	
		TOOM	

C. Charge 1	100	
Sortware nazards	Includes software changes, software hazard	David Dalda. Cit. 1
	analysis	raul boldon, Sharyl
		Butler (JSC), Martha
SMA Policy	Hmerranor December	Wetherholt, IV&V Ctr
	mich grand richardmess, system safety, R&M,	Wil Harkins, Jon Mullin.
Contingency Planning	mishap investigation, etc.	
Similar to Company	A post-mishap look at correctness/effectiveness	Gill White
	of our contingency plans; do we need	
NAGA GASTER	updates/changes?	
NGP COALCAST REPORTING System.	Includes any NSRS reports or alerts pertaining to	Hric Dormor
(Lyon), Alens	foam, tile, ingredients, etc., as well as any	LATE INSTITUT
	current Shuttle-related reports	
Lessons Learned	Are there any pertinent LL in the database?	H.: 7 Double
	Ensuring that these new Jessons get into the	LIC NATIOI
	LLIS in the long run	
SMA Reviews and Assessments	OEP, PV, FMR spot checks, staff assistance	Ctorio Morrisson A + 7
	visits, other periodic center visits (including	John I wer was a see,
A commence of the same	MAF	
Acrospace Advisory Panel	Includes any pertinent findings	F
Training	Of workers on the flace	Len Sirota
	or workers on the noor—certification and	Eric Raynor Communication
	training for insulation application, repair, etc.	
Life extension program	We were about to	
	were about to benchmark what USAF does	Tom Whitmeyer, SLEP
	NA SA 4 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Panel (Obs.&
	WASA does?	Sustainment), Bill Bilner.
		John Castellano, Tohn
Mishap Investigation protocol and	-	
	methods training for MTB members 1	Wayne Frazier, Faith
4.4	packages, etc.	Chandler, John Mark
Human Factors	What opportunities were there for himse factor	
	The manage was their for human factors	Faith Chandler, Come Now

ewing) in a window

		fthis   Rich Patrican. Gil White		and Steve Newman, Steve		<u></u> ,	eful Mike Card	,	·
to contribute to the mishap?		Keeping up-to-date information on affect of this	mishap on ISS supportability, etc.	PBMA work group to support information and	communication needs of the MIB, including IT	security of the posted/transmitted information	Data that DoD might have that could be useful	Background and details of the manufacturing	process.
	£	Post-mishap implications for ISS	MATD 147 1 1 1	MILE Web-based work group area		- 4	DoD data	Space Shuttle Manufacture	-

### John P Castellano, 01:18 PM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

X-Sender: jcastell@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 13:18:44 -0500

To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>

From: John P Castellano <jcastell@hq.nasa.gov>

Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation Board (CAIB)

Cc: snewman@hq.nasa.gov

Pete, a possible area of review and assessment could be in the performance of the two ET configurations (LWT and SLWT). Specifically looking at post flight orbiter tile damage vs the ET used for the flight. Further an evaluation of ambient atmospheric conditions (temp, dew point) at time of launch plotted against tile damage...and ET might also be informative. This sort of assessment was extremely useful in the Challenger investigation which showed a definitive relationship of Oring blow by and temperature, with greater blow by as the temperature was relationship of O ring blow by and temperature...with greater blow by as the temperature was lower...

At 07:49 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, you wrote: Code Q staff members.

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Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks.

Pete

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D. Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division Office of Safety and Mission Assurance NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778

e-mail: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

John P Castellano, 01:18 PM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

Mission Success Starts with Safety!

Printed for Date Dutledge Date I Dutle

# Pamela Richardson, 06:44 AM 2/4/2003 -0500, Re: Fwd: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Ac

X-Sender: prichard@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 06:44:03 -0500
To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>
From: Pamela Richardson <prichard@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Re: Fwd: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation Board (CAIB)

Pete --

Today I will be starting a list of actions and a list of questions/issues for Bryan. Both will be posted daily on the QMIC door.

Pam

At 05:44 PM 2/3/2003 -0500, you wrote: Pam.

Here's one for the suggested question/issue list for Bryan. Are you keeping such a list. I forget if this was one of the lists we talked about. It's one that needs to be collected.

Pete

X-Sender: jcastell@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Sender: jcastell@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUAL COMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 13:18:44 -0500
To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>
From: John P Castellano <jcastell@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation
Board (CAIB)
Co. snewman@hq.nasa.gov

Cc: snewman@hq.nasa.gov

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rinted for Pete Rutledge Spater | Dutle

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Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks.

Pefe

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D. Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division Office of Safety and Mission Assurance NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778

e-máil: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

Mission Success Starts with Safety!

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Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division
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NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

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Mission Success Starts with Safety!

Pamela F. Richardson Aërospace Technology Mission Assurance Manager Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division, Code QE Office of Safety and Mission Assurance, NASA Headquarters 300 E. Street, S. W., Washington, DC 20546 phone: 202-358-4631, fax: 202-358-2778

"The meek can \*have\* the Earth. The rest of us are going to the stars." --- Robert Heinlein
"We have to learn to manage information and its flow. If we don't, it will all end up in turbulence." --- RADM Grace Hopper

#### John P Castellano, 01:18 PM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

X-Sender: jcastell@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2

Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 13:18:44 -0500 To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>

From: John P Castellano <jcastell@hq.nasa.gov>

Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation

Board (CAIB)

Cc: snewman@hq.nasa.gov

Pete, a possible area of review and assessment could be in the performance of the two ET configurations (LWT and SLWT). Specifically looking at post flight orbiter tile damage vs the ET used for the flight. Further an evaluation of ambient atmospheric conditions (temp, dew point) at time of launch plotted against tile damage...and ET might also be informative. This sort of assessment was extremely useful in the Challenger investigation which showed a definitive relationship of O ring blow by and temperature...with greater blow by as the temperature was lower...

At 07:49 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, you wrote: Code Q staff members.

As you may know Bryan is the ex-officio member of the Columbia Accident Investigation Board. He left for Barksdale AFB this afternoon around noon time. That is where he will meet up with the other CAIB members.

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Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks,

Pete

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D. Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division Office of Safety and Mission Assurance NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778

e-mail: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

John P Castellano, 01:18 PM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Inve

Mission Success Starts with Safety!

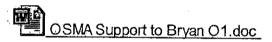
## Jonathan B. Mullin, 10:57 AM 2/3/2003 -0500, OSMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as

X-Sender: jmullin@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 10:57:26 -0500
To: prutledg@hq.nasa.gov
From: "Jonathan B. Mullin" <jmullin@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: OSMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as
Ex-Officio member of Space Shuttle Mishap Investigation Board (SSMIB)
Cc: Matthew Gaier <mgaier@hq.nasa.gov>, wharkins@hq.nasa.gov,
eraynor@hq.nasa.gov, jlemke@hq.nasa.gov

Pete, some recommendations in to the assignments are indicated in Yellow. I think we need to add some Flight (Aviation Safety) into the tasked areas. I would recommend that we do a priority listing of the enclosed topics. Perhaps there is a need to coordinate some of our areas with Code AM as they may overlap, such as Human Factors.

Regards, Jon

Jonathan B. Mullin Manager Operational Safety Emergency Preparedness Coordinator Headquarters National Aeronautics and Space Administration Phone (202) 358-0589 FAX (202) 358-3104 "Mission Success Starts with Safety"



As of: February 2, 2003

SMA Support to Bryan O'Connor as Ex-Officio member of Space Shuttle Mishap Investigation Board (SSMIB)

SMA-Related Investigative Area	Remarks	OCKAN TOOL
Hazard reports, Fault Trees, FMEA	Relates to work of Space Shuttle System Safety	Mark K Bill R
	Réview Panel (SSRP); especially pertaining to	
	ET foam; e.g., impact on Orbiter	
KISK	Accepted risks for this mission?	Mark Rill B
rayload safety (as cause of mishap)	Relates to work of Payload Safety Review Panel	Mike Card John
-	(PSRP). Interest includes potential for hazardous	Castellano
Payload cafaty (cafaty of	payloads to have caused catastrophe	
a group said (said) of recovery)	Includes radiological and other hazardous	John Lyver/Gil White
Problem france (HXII/GIII)	payload contents	
WC/WLI TOTAL TOTAL	Kelates to Problem Reporting and Corrective	Paul Boldon (SW PRs)
	Action (PRACA); initially PRs dealing with ET	Mark K Bill B. (HW)
	foam problems may be of most interest?	PRs)
Quanty	Material Review Board actions, repairs, etc.,	Tom Whitmever
	initially especially in regard to foam and tile	
	installation and repair; contractor/supplier	
	surveillance	
Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA)	Initial interest includes 1990 Pate-Cornell PRA	Michael Stamatelatos
	of Shuttle tile installation process, as well as	
	current Shuttle PRA	
Fre-faunch reviews	Includes Pre-launch Assessment Reviews,	Mark K., Bill B.
	Mission Safety Evaluations, waivers, deviations,	
December 1	rules changes, limited life items, etc.	
Lapected casualty, Ec (post-mishap)	Includes collecting/using data from this mishap to calculate Ec for Shuttle re-entry	Pat Martin (with Maria
	C TOTAL D	TOUTH

Software hazards	Includes software changes, software hazard	Paul Boldon, Sharyl
	analysis	Butler (JSC), Martha
		Wetherholt, IV&V Cr
SMA Policy	Emergency Preparedness, system safety, R&M.	Wil Harkins, Jon Mullin
	mishap investigation, etc.	
Contingency Planning	A post-mishap look at correctness/effectiveness	Gill White.
	of our contingency plans; do we need	
ATTO TO THE	updates/changes?	
NASA Safety Reporting System	Includes any NSRS reports or alerts pertaining to	Eric Raynor
(INDKO), Alerts	foam, tile, ingredients, etc., as well as any	
,	current Shuttle-related reports	
Lessons Learned	Are there any pertinent LL in the database?	Eric Rayner
	Ensuring that these new lessons get into the	
	LLIS in the long run.	:
SMA Keviews and Assessments	OEP, PV, FMR spot checks, staff assistance.	Steve Newman, Art I ee.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	visits, other periodic center visits (including	John Lyver
	MAF)	
Aerospace Advisory Panel	Includes any pertinent findings	Len Sirota
Training	Of workers on the floor—certification and	Fric Raymor Co.
	training for insulation application, repair, etc.	
1. Contract of 1.		
Lile extension program	We were about to benchmark what USAF does	Tom Whitmeyer, SLEP
	for aging aircraft. Any implications for what	Panel (Obs.&
	NASA does?	Sustainment), Bill Bihner,
·		John Castellano, Ilaina
Mishap Investigation protocol and	Supporting with info on NPDs NPGs root cause	Waxme Frazion Doith
methodology	methods, training for MIB members, briefing	Chandler, Convince
Ultima on The at-	packages, etc.	
raman Factors	What opportunities were there for human factors	Faith Chandler, Was And

	to contribute to the mishap?	
Post-mishap implications for ISS	Keeping up-to-date information on affect of this mishap on ISS supportability etc.	Rich Patrican, Gil White
MIB Web-based work group area	PBMA work group to support information and communication needs of the MIB, including IT security of the posted/fransmitted information	Steve Newman, Steve Wander
DoD data	Data that DoD might have that could be useful	Mike Card
Space Shuttle Manufacture	Background and details of the manufacturing process.	Len Sirota

### Michael Stamatelatos, 08:59 AM 2/3/2003 -0500, Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident I

X-Sender: mstamate@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Mon, 03 Feb 2003 08:59:50 -0500
To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>
From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Re: Supporting Bryan on the Columbia Accident Investigation Board (CAIB)

Pete: Attached is a short description of a scenario that may be important for STS-107. I have a telecon with the shuttle PRA group at 11:30 AM today. Can I share this with them?

At 07:49 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, you wrote: Code Q staff members,

As you may know Bryan is the ex-officio member of the Columbia Accident Investigation Board. He left for Barksdale AFB this afternoon around noon time. That is where he will meet up with the other CAIB members.

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Let's do a great job for Bryan on this important matter.

Thanks,

Michael

Pete

Peter J. Rutledge, Ph.D. Director, Enterprise Safety and Mission Assurance Division Acting Director, Review and Assessment Division Office of Safety and Mission Assurance NASA Headquarters, Code QE, Washington, DC 20546

ph: 202-358-0579 FAX:202-358-2778 e-mail: nete rutledge@

e-mail: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

Mission Success Starts with Safety!



Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
300 E Street, SW
Washington, DC 20024
Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
E-mail: Michael.G.Stamatelatos@nasa.gov
(Please note change in e-mail address)

"Mission success starts with safety"

#### Potential Scenario for STS-107

- 1. A piece of insulation from ET debonding detaches and impacts the orbiter
- 2. The impact causes removal or partial detachment of tile(s)
- 3. Alternately, the impact causes an indentation of significant size
- Damage progresses due to air loads and thermal heating loads during ascent but without significant consequences because of decreasing atmosphere density
- 5. During rentry, the mechanical and thermal loads from aerodynamic heating continue the damage to the orbiter; The orbiter condition from #4 above is used as input to this analysis
- 6. The aerodynamic heating and mechanical loads are exacerbated by the presence of local hot spots that are generated in the areas of damage
- 7. Heating increases and propagates into the orbiter due to contact to metal surfaces
- 8. Fuel lines or cells become exposed to excessive heating and explosion occurs.

This scenario can be analyzed with a combination of system PRA programs (e.g., QRAS), thermal analysis and structural programs (e.g., NASTRAN). An event tree can be developed and the success criteria, probabilities, and uncertainties can be calculated by thermal and structural programs.

### Known input information:

- Time and size of the detached piece of insulation
- Time of the explosion during rentry

From these, the shuttle velocity and associated cumulative heating and mechanical loads can be calculated with associated uncertainties.

#### Gilbert White-1, 06:30 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, STS-107 Hazardous Material List

X-Sender: gwhite1@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Sun, 02 Feb 2003 18:30:16 -0500 To: prutledg@hq.nasa.gov, Falth Chandler <fchandle@hq.nasa.gov> From: Gilbert White-1 <gwhite1@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: STS-107 Hazardous Material List

**FYI** 

Faith maybe you know how to get in touch with Victor?



STS-107 Hazardous Material 2-02-03.doc

# Gilbert White

Manager, International Space Station Operations Office of Safety and Mission Assurance (202) 358-0562

Mission Success Starts With Safety

```
(+/-)-2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol
  (1H, 3H) -pyrimidinedione
 (2 -keto- 3 -deoxy-6-phosphogluconate)
 0-Nitrophenyl-beta-D-Galactopyranoside and
 1 Potissium nitrate
 1,2-Dichloroethane C2H4C12
 1,4 dithio-DL -threitol
 10799 D-Glucose (Well 24)
 10806 Fluconazole (Well 26) 4 ug/ml 0.08 ug
 2 -Mercaptoethanol
 2,3,5 Triphenyltetrazolium chloride (Well 12)
 2-Mercaptoethanol
 3 g/tissue) Mild tomoderateeye 1 0 1 None 1 0 ILastmodified
3enzalkonium wipes:
4G-63 Human osteosarcoma cells
5-Bromo-4-chloro-3 -indolylphosphate
5-Nitro-6-(1-1-D)-Ribitylamino-2,4
Adonitol (Well 16)
Agarose
Agarose Type VI1
Agrobacterium suspension in MS medium
Alpha-MEM
Ammonium nitrate .
Ammonium sulphate
Amphotericin .
Ampicillin
Arabinose
Arginine monohydrochloride
Ascorbic acid
Ascorbic acid-2-phosphate
Aspartyl-t RNA synthetase isolated from
Bacitracin
bacterium Thermus thermophilus
Batteries, lithium manganese dioxide
Benzalkonium chloride
beta-Glycerophosphate
Biotin
Boric acid
C3HIOTI/2-derived cell line (xs Brachyury)
Cadmium sulfate crystalline
Calcium chloride,
Calcium chloride crystal
Calcium pantothenate
Calcium Phosphate, dibasic
Canamycin (antibiotic)
Cancidas (Well 1 2)
Carbencillin
Casamino acids
Casein hydrolysate
Catalyst: titanium dioxide granules, 1 mm dia.
Cefotaxime
Cellobiose
Chloramphenicol
Chloromethyl isothhiazolin \
Chorobenzene (D,)
```

Chromium potassium sulfate

```
Chromobacterium violaceum ATCC 12472
 Ciprofloxacin HC1
 Citrate
 Citric acid monohydrate
 Cobalt chloride
 Cultisphere microcarriers
 Cupric carbonate
 Cupric sulfate
 Cycloheximide and
 Cycloheximide and D-Glucose (Well 22)
 Cytosine arabinoside (ara-C)
 Dexamethasone
 Dextrose
D-Glucose (Well 24)
Dihydroxyacetone - phosphate (DHAP)
Dimethoxyethane Proprietary <1 .0 ml
Di-potassium hydrogen phosphate
Dodecyl dimethyamine oxide
Dodecylmal toside
Dulcitol (WELL 15)
Erythritol (Well 20)
Esculin and
Ethylhydrocupreine hydrochloride (Well 3)
Fenichrome
Ferric Ammonium Citrate (Well 8)
Ferric citrate
Ferritin Type I from horse
Ferrous sulfate
Fetal Bovine Serum
Fetal calf serum
Fluconazole (Well 2 1 )
Fluconwole (Well 23)
Fluorescent bulbs 8659 Mercury 100%
Fluorobenzene (D,)
Folic acid
Freon 11 5
Freon 22
Freon 502: azeotropic mixture of
Fungizone (amphotericin-B)
Galactose (Well 2)
Gentamycid Amphotericin-B, 1000 UI
Gentamycin
Gentamycin sulphate
Glucose
Glutaraldehyde
Glycerol
Guanidine thiocyanate
Guanidinium isothiocyanate
Halon 1301
HECAMEG (detergent)
Hemicellulase
Hep tanetriol
HEPES, pH 7.5
Hexitol bisphosphate
Human liver fructose -1,6-bisphosphatase
Human parathyriod hormone 1-84
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```
Hy gromycin
  Hydrocortisone
  Inhibitor HNAP (C1106PH7Na2)
  Insulin from bovine pancreas
  Inulin
  Isopropanol
  Isopropyl-beta-D-ThioGalactopyranoside (23)
 Lactate (and)
 Lactose
 L-ascorbic acid-2-phosphate
 L-Aspartic acid
 Latmnculin A (1 UM) in aqueous DMSO
 L-Glutamic acid, monosodium salt
 Lithium
 Lithium aluminum tetrachloride
 Lithium perchlorate
 L-kginine
 Lysine (Well 28)
 Magnesium carbonate
 Magnesium oxide
 Magnesium sulfate
 Malonate (Well 9)
 Maltose
 Manganese
 Manganese chloride
 Mannitol
 Melezitose
 Melibiose
 Menadione Sodium Bisulfate Complex
Mercury
Methyl isothiazolin.
Methyl-D-Glucoside
Molybdic acid, sodium salt
Na acetate pH 4.6
Na Cacodylate
N-acetyl-D-glucosamine
N-dodecyl-dimethyl-phosphine oxide
Niacin
NiCox: Flurbiprofen-nitroxylbutyl-ester
Novobiocin (Well 13)
Octylglucoside
ollagen coating (half slide surface)
Ornithine (Well 30)
Oryzalin (1 0 uM) in aqueous ethanol
Oxone
Palatinose
Paraformaldehyde
p-Coumaric (Well 21)
Penicillin G (Well 19) w/GPS A medium
Poly ethylene glycol 400
Poly ethylene glycol 425
Polyethylene glycol 1000
Polyethylene glycol 4000
Polyethylene glycol 6000
```

Polymyxin.B (Well 1 1)

```
Polyvinyl chloride
  Potassium aluminum sulfate 25.7% wlv
   Potassium benzoate.
   Potassium chromium sulfate 2.5% wlv
   Potassium citrate, monohydrate
   Potassium hvdroxide
   Potassium Iodate
   Potassium iodide
   Potassium nitrate
   Potassium phosphate
   Potassium sodium tartrate, KNaC4H406
- Potassium sulfate
  Prostaglandin E2
  Proteose peptone
  Pullulan (Well 24)
  Pyridoxine HC1
  Pyrodinium bahamense
  Pyruvic Acid (Well 23)
  Raffinose
  Raloxifine hydrochloride
  retradecane
  Rhamnose (Well 24)
  Ribose
  Salicin (Well 18)
  Ske-tom-cin
  Sodium acetate pH 4.8
  Sodium bicarbonate
  Sodium Chloride
  Sodium EDTA
  Sodium molybdate
  Sodium pyruvate
  Sodium selenite
  Sodium Thiosulfate (and)
  Sorbitol (
  Streptomycin
  Sucrose
  Sulfuric acid
  Tetracycline
  Tetradecane 100%
  Tetrahydrofuran -
  Thiamine. HC1
  Thionyl chloride
  Tin oxides. Dlatinum. Dalladium
  Tobramycin
  Tomaldehyde in PHEMD buffer
  Tray-Vitek Fluconazole (Well 29) 0 ug/ml
  Trehalose
  TRIS, pH 7.5
 Tris-HC1, pH 8.0
 Tryptophan (Well 10)
 Urea
 Vancomycin
 Xylitol
 Xylose
 Zinc carbonate
 Zinc sulfate
```

### J Steven Newman, 03:10 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, Highly Secure PBMA-KMS Work Groups

X-Sender: snewman@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Sun, 02 Feb 2003 15:10:32 -0500

To: boconnor@hq.nasa.gov
From: J Steven Newman <snewman@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Highly Secure PBMA-KMS Work Groups
Cc: jlloyd@hq.nasa.gov, providedg@hq.nasa.gov, swander@hq.nasa.gov,

mkowales@hq.nasa.gov, bbihner@hq.nasa.gov

FYI: Bryan

Working today with GRC/Chief Information Officer, Ares Corp, Intranets.com Corp, HQ/CI to implement an enhanced security level for selected PBMA-KMS work group sites. We are pressing to be operational within 48 - 72 hours. Anticipate first supporting NASA SMA team(s) (and working groups) with sensitive information/data sharing needs.

We can set up a standard secure site for your Columbia Accident Investigation Board on short notice. The current 107 Team site has standard security.

Provides security for data behind NASA GRC firewall (protects data)

Provides user password protection. (one factor verification of user)

Within a few days we hope to be able to provide an enhanced security option

Secure NASA firewall server (protects data)

Secure socket layer protection (protects data in transit)

Two factor strong authentication (helps verify the user is whom they say they are)
 password + secure token ID

Please consider these capabilities among your options. Standing by. / status charts attached

R/Steve 358-1408



PBMA-KMS 107 Support.pp

### STS-107 Support

Goal: Implement high level security PBMA. KIMS Work Group functionality as soon as possible to support sensitive recovery and investigation activity

February 2, 2002

Dr. J. Steven Newman

Office of Safety & Mission Assurance

# PBMA-KMS Support to 107 Recovery/Mishap Investigation 2/2/03

* *				· <del></del> .
	User Authentication (2-Factor Strong) Invitation Only, User Unique, Password, Dynamic Token ID		X T 2/2/03	Telecon w/ GRC PBMA Team + GRC/CIO + ARES Houston + NASA/HQ ISEM Team 11 am EDT Telecon scheduled 9am EDT 2/3/03 with all players
	Data uplink / downlink protection through SSE encryption		X Telecon with ARES 10am EDT 2/2/03	Telecon w/ GRC PBMA Team + GRC/CIO + ARES NASA/HQ ISEM Team 11 am EDT Telecon scheduled 9am EDT 2/3/03 with all players
	PBMA-KMS Server Behind NASA Firewall at GRC	<b>X</b>	×	an 202-358-1408, r 202-358-4612
	Note: PBMA-KMS Work Groups are user friendly multi- functional, web based collaborative tools to support group activity	107 Team Work Group http://107Team.Intranets.com DEPLOYED 2/1/03	107 MIT and External Board Work Groups Proposed / In-Work	PBMA-KMS: Dr. J. Steven Newman 202-358-1408, 703-528-4352, Stephen M. Wander 202-358-4612

## Action Status / Ipm 2/2/03

- Need names of MIT members
- Need names of External Team members
- Need info concerning any other team with a high security work group requirements
- For each team need to know whether or not individuals has secure token ID and center that issued ID
  - Action: email info to <u>snewman@hq.nasa.gov</u>
- HQ/IT Security and HQ/ISEM contractors will work with Q to provide secure token ID info to GRC to support user authentication
- GRC-based tem (GRC/CIO, Ares) working with intranets to implement user authentication HW/SW

### jlemke, 01:10 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, Independent MIB

X-Sender: jlemke@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Sun, 02 Feb 2003 13:10:20 -0500
To: jlloyd@hq.nasa.gov, prutledg@hq.nasa.gov,
"Wayne R. Frazier" <wfrazier@hq.nasa.gov>, <sbrookov@hq.nasa.gov>
From: jlemke <jlemke@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Independent MiB

Jim:

1st cut-short and sweet.

johnl

John Lemke

John Lemke
Manager, System Safety Engineering
NASA HQ, Code QS
202-358-0567 FAX 358-3104
jlemke@hq.nasa.gov
"Mission success stands on the foundation of our unwavering commitment to safety"
Administrator Sean O'Keefe January 2003

Doc221.doc

There were several reasons why NASA developed a policy of appointing an Independent Mishap Investigation Board for major shuttle mishaps.

According to the Rogers' Commission Report:

"In a closed society other options are available; in an open society - unless classified matters are involved - other options are not, either as matter of law or as a practical matter. In this case, a vigorous investigation and full disclosure of the facts were necessary. The way to deal with a failure of this magnitude is to disclose all the facts fully and openly; to take immediate steps to correct mistakes that led to the failure; and to continue the program with renewed confidence and determination.

"For the first several days after the accident – possibly because of the trauma resultingfrom the accident - NASA appeared to be withholding information about the accident from the public."

NASA believed strongly in the importance of this openness. Even if NASA conducted and independent internal investigation, it would still be subject to an appearance of conflict of interest. Therefore, the Agency subsequently formalized a policy of not investigating itself for major shuttle mishaps.

This policy also allowed the Agency to take advantage of propositioned expertise from outside the Agency. NASA formalized this policy in the late 80's in the space Shuttle Contingency Action Plan.

### welcome@intranets.com, 02:46 AM 2/2/2003 +0000, Welcome to 107team.intranets.com

From: "welcome@intranets.com" <welcome@intranets.com>
To: "Dr. Pete J. Rutledge" prutledg@hq.nasa.gov>
X-for-your-own-intranet: http://pbma.hq.nasa.gov/index2.html
X-for-help-with-Intranets: mailto:support@intranets.com
Date: Sun, 02 Feb 2003 02:46:02 GMT
X-mailer: AspMail 4.0 4.03 (SMT412E7EF)
Subject: Welcome to 107team.intranets.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 02 Feb 2003 02:46:03.0010 (UTC) FILETIME=[39CDEE20:01C2CA65]

Dear Dr. Pete.

Welcome! Thank you for joining the 107 Team intranet site.

As a reminder, your Login Name is: drutledge
If you forgot the password you selected, we'll email it to you at
your request. Just follow this link:
http://107team.intranets.com/forgot.asp

enter your personal Login Name and Password in the spaces provided. You will no longer need to use the Registration Code you were sent when you were first invited to join.

The site administrators for your intranet are Don Vecellio and Dr. J. Steven Newman.

USTNG YOUR INTRANET
To become familiar with how to use your intranet, please review the NASA Getting Started: http://107team.intranets.com/help/us/to.asp?page=start.html&admin=False

To change your Login Name or Password, go to Tools > Member Options at the left of your intranet site.

To change any of the personal information you entered during registration, read the details at: <a href="http://107team.intranets.com/help/us/to.asp?page=mem.html&section=edit">http://107team.intranets.com/help/us/to.asp?page=mem.html&section=edit</a>

We are constantly updating the applications and features in our intranet service, and we welcome member feedback to guide us in these efforts. If you have suggestions for new or improved service features, please click the Tell Us link at the bottom of your intranet home page and tell us what you think!

Regards,

Steve Newman, PBMA Leader

### James Lloyd, 03:14 PM 2/25/2003 -0500, HCAT ACTION #140

X-Sender: jlloyd@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Tue, 25 Feb 2003 15:14:45 -0500

To: hcaf@hq.nasa.gov
From: James Lloyd <illoyd@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: HCAT ACTION #140
Cc: "Dr. Michael A. Greenfield" <michael.greenfield@hq.nasa.gov>,
prutledg@hq.nasa.gov, Pepper Phillips <pphillip@mail.hq.nasa.gov>

Has there been any update to this action from the HCAT (Action 140)?

At the time of this particular response the USA MRB records were inaccessible and no information could be obtained and maybe that situation has been cleared? If the records are accessible, can we now obtain an answer to number 3 question in attached?



Columbia Major Overhaul1.doc

Jim

1.7

### GAFFNEY, ROBERT T. (JSC-JA171) (NASA), 03:39 PM 2/3/2003 -0600, RE: FW: Incident Report 1, I

From: "GAFFNEY ROBERT T. (JSC-JA171) (NASA)" < robert t. gaffney@nasa.gov and phillips@larc.nasa.gov aeadonogh@hq.nasa.gov, alee@hq.nasa.gov abdolei@arc.nasa.gov, cathy.miller@nasa.gov, elee@hq.nasa.gov, bdolei@arc.nasa.gov, cathy.miller@nasa.gov, clyde.dease@ssc.nasa.gov, dhall@wstf.nasa.gov, eleer.g. G.F. tiller@pl.nasa.gov, clyde.dease@ssc.nasa.gov, dhall@wstf.nasa.gov, frederick.w.battle.jr@jpl.nasa.gov, h.w.beazley@larc.nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, perin@nasa.gov, probles@nmo.jpl.nasa.gov, michael.moore@mar.nasa.gov, probles@nmo.jpl.nasa.gov, sonj.alexander@mar.nasa.gov, sephen.a.turner@mar.nasa.gov, terry.m.potterton, 1@sefc.nasa.gov, tom.ambrose@dfic.nasa.gov, terry.m.potterton, 1@sefc.nasa.gov, william.barry-1@issc.nasa.gov, odomingu@ng.nasa.gov, alee@hq.nasa.gov, wayne.kee-1@ksc.nasa.gov, alee@hq.nasa.gov, catherine.Angotti@hq.nasa.gov, odomingu@ng.nasa.gov, alee@hq.nasa.gov, inc. arter@msfc.nasa.gov, com.m.com.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.gosc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.nasa.gov, cherbert@mail.arc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.nasa.gov, cherbert@mail.arc.nasa.gov, pering.cov, elegory.lellip.nasa.gov, cherbert@mail.arc.nasa.gov, pering.nasa.gov, pering.nasa. Date: Mon, 3 Feb 2003 15:39:42 -0600 X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Thanks, Jon, for disseminating Region IV's report. I spoke with that office this morning and provided the information they requested by fax. I wasn't the come a cituation penort but in cladure were able to be aware it would become a Situation Report, but I'm glad we were able to help.

Keep the families and our coworkers in the field from all the centers in

Bob Gaffney SC Emergency Preparedness Manager 281) 483-4249

--Orlginal Message-com: Jonathan B. Mullin [mailto:jmullin@hg.nasa.gov] ent: Monday, February 03, 2003 12:02 PM:

a.h.phillips@larc.nasa.gov; aodonogh@hq.nasa.gov; alee@hq.nasa.gov; bikos.a.papadimitris.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; chunt@mail.arc.nasa.gov; de dease@ssc.nasa.gov; dhall@wstf.nasa.gov; chunt@mail.arc.nasa.gov; c.G.Fuller@jpl.nasa.gov; dhall@wstf.nasa.gov; erick.w.battle.jr@jpl.nasa.gov; h.w.beazley@larc.nasa.gov; erick.w.battle.jr@jpl.nasa.gov; h.w.beazley@larc.nasa.gov; griggs@iVV.nasa.gov; hequention.wilkins@grc.nasa.gov; luequention.wilkins@grc.nasa.gov; les@mail.arc.nasa.gov; michael.moore@maf.nasa.gov; nen.a.turner@maf.nasa.gov; terry.m.potterton.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; les@nmo.jpi.nasa.gov; sonja.aiexander@nq.nasa.gov; nen.a.turner@maf.nasa.gov; terry.m.potterton.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; ambrose@dfrc.nasa.gov; wayne.kee-1@ksc.nasa.gov; rt.Turner@hq.nasa.gov; howard.kass@hq.nasa.gov; alee@hq.nasa.gov; n.barry-1@ksc.nasa.gov; odomingu@hq.nasa.gov; arine.Angotti@hq.nasa.gov; mmcneili@mail.hq.nasa.gov;

### GAFFNEY, ROBERT T. (JSC-JA171) (NASA), 03:39 PM 2/3/2003 -0600, RE: FW: Incident Report 1, I

```
tspagnuo@pop200.gsfc.nasa.gov; Patrick.A.Hancock.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; Jim.Carter@msfc.nasa.gov; Edwin.Jones@msfc.nasa.gov; john.rodgers@hq.nasa.gov; bnotley@mail.arc.nasa.gov; gregory.l.ellis.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; t.f.middleton@larc.nasa.gov; ROEH, WILLIAM C., III (JSC-JA171) (NASA); phillip.j.nessler.1@gsfc.nasa.gov; pete.allen@msfc.nasa.gov; jlabrecq@hq.nasa.gov; cherbert@hq.nasa.gov; astowes@hq.nasa.gov; Ernest.M.Graham@msfc.nasa.gov; dan thomas@hq.nasa.gov; qm.watson@larc.nasa.gov;
 dan.thomas@hq.nasa.gov; Ernest.tvt.Granam@msfc.nasa.gov; dan.thomas@hq.nasa.gov; g.m.watson@larc.nasa.gov; rdilustr@mail.hq.nasa.gov; hstewart@hq.nasa.gov; spevton@hq.nasa.gov Cc: whill@hq.nasa.gov; boconnor@hq.nasa.gov; GAFFNEY, ROBERT T. (JSC-JA171) (NASA); prutledg@hq.nasa.gov Subject: Fwd: FW: Incident Report 1, Possible Discovery Shuttle Columbia Debris (GA)
  Importance: High
Information status on Columbia Debris from Georgia. Regards, Jon
>From: FEMA OPERATIONS CENTER <FEMA OPERATIONS.CENTER@fema.gov>
>To: Action Officer <ActionOfficer@fema.gov>,
> "AOC (E-mail)"
                      ACC (E-Inall)
<agsternos@hqda-aoc.army.pentagon.mil>,
<agsternos@hqda-aoc.army.pentagon.mil>,
<agsternos@hqda-aoc.army.pentagon.mil>,
<agsternos@hqda-aoc.army.pentagon.mil>,
ARNGOPS <ARNGOPS@ngb.army.mil>,
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<a style="color: blue;">BBS Submissions@fema.gov>,</a>,
<a style="color: blue;">Brian Montgomery (E-mail)</a> <a style="color: blue;">Brian Montgomery (E-mail)</a> <a style="color: blue;">Brian Cameron@fema.gov>,</a>
<a style="color: blue;">Brian Cameron@fema.gov>,</a>
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"James Lloyd (E-mail)" <JLloyd@hq.nasa.gov>,
"Jerry Ostendorf (E-mail)"
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"Jonathan Mullin (E-mail)"
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```

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```
"Karen Maguire (E-mail)" <karen.maguire@usda.gov>,
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"USACE Gilmore (E-mail)" < george.l.gilmore@usace.army.mil>,
"USACE Hecker (E-mail)" < edward.j.hecker@usace.army.mil>,
"USACE Irwin (E-mail)" < william.e.irwin@usace.army.mil>,
"USACE Miller (E-mail)" < lizbeth.h.miller@usace.army.mil>,
                  USACE OPS
                   <ce-uoc@usace.army.mil>
 >Subject: FW: incident Report 1, Possible Discovery Shuttle Columbia Debris
 >Date: Moń. 3 Feb 2003 12:54:14 -0500
 >X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2656.59)
   > From: Dupree, Annette
> Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 1:01 PM
> To: R4-INCIDENT-LIST
> Subject: Incident Posts
> Debrio / California
                                      Incident Report 1, Possible Discovery Shuttle Columbia
    > Debris (GA)
> Attached is the above incident report.
```

### GAFFNEY, ROBERT T. (JSC-JA171) (NASA), 03:39 PM 2/3/2003 -0600, RE: FW: Incident Report 1, I

>> <<Shuttle debris 02-03-03.doc>>
>> Annette Dupree
>> Emergency Management Program Specialist
>> R4, Response and Recovery Division
>> Response Operations Branch
>> 402 S. Pinetree Blvd.
>> Thomasville, GA 31792
>> v: 229/225-4579
>> f: 229/225-4687
>> Jonathan B. Mullin
Manager Operational Safety
Emergency Preparedness Coordinator
Headquarters National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Phone (202) 358-0589
FAX (202) 358-3104
"Mission Success Starts with Safety"

### James Lloyd, 06:27 PM 2/2/2003 -0500, Commit to Paper

X-Sender: jlloyd@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Sun, 02 Feb 2003 18:27:50 -0500 To: mcard@hq.nasa.gov From: James Lloyd <jlloyd@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Commit to Paper

Mike,

I would suggest that you take your understanding about the request to use resources for assessment of Columbia and write it down for use when you are interviewed.

Jim

### Phil Napala, 12:12 PM 2/3/2003 +0000, Orbital Debris Information

X-OriginalArrivalTime: 03 Feb 2003 12:12:43.0210 (UTC) FILETIME=[8DEA7AA0:01C2CB7D]

Wayne,

The amount of debris from Shuttle and the collection effort is an opportunity to update our survive/demise models.

We need to think about what data we need to ask for in order to create a standard data sheet for all debris found.

Perhaps, we could get JSC and KSC to develop a palm pilot data collection checksheet to be passed out to all collection teams.

This information could be use to help determine STS107 failure mode and also aid in developing better ways to protect the public on future NASA missions both in estimating debris field and better design for minimal damage.

Phil

### Jonathan B. Mullin, 12:19 PM 2/4/2003 -0500, Fwd: Foam problem

X-Sender: jmullin@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Tue, 04 Feb 2003 12:19:41 -0500 To: Pete Rutledge <prutledg@hq.nasa.gov> From: "Jonathan B. Mullin" <jmullin@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Fwd: Foam problem

Here is an idea. Jon From: "Cardinale-1, Michael" < Michael A. Cardinale@nasa.gov> To: "Frazier, Wayne" < wfrazier@mail.hq.nasa.gov>, "Mullin, Jonathan" < jmullin@mail.hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Foam problem Date: Tue, 4 Feb 2003 10:23:59 -0500 X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

I'm sure the idea has already come up, but has anyone considered using some type of 'hair net' to wrap the ET and suppress delaminating foam?

Mike
Jonathan B, Mullin
Manager Operational Safety
Emergency Preparedness Coordinator
Headquarters National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Phone (202) 358-0589
FAX (202) 358-3104
"Mission Success Starts with Safety"

### Pepper Phillips, 03:33 PM 2/5/2003 -0500, Fwd: RE: HCAT Question

X-Sender: pphillip@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Wed, 05 Feb 2003 15:33:35 -0500 To: prutledg@hq.nasa.gov, illoyd@hq.nasa.gov From: Pepper Phillips <pphillip@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Fwd: RE: HCAT Question

Pete/Jim.

I would like to forward this answer to the HCAT for action closure...OK?

Pepper

X-Sender: mstamate@mail.hq.nasa.gov X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2 Date: Wed, 05 Feb 2003 15:27:18 -0500 To: Pepper Phillips <pphillip@hq.nasa.gov> From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov> Subject: Fwd: RE: HCAT Question

Cc: pete.rutledge@hg.nasa.gov

Pepper: Jan Railsback is the current acting Shuttle PRA project manager.

His answer is given below.

Michael

From: "RAILSBACK, JAN (JSC-NX) (NASA)" <jan.railsback-1@nasa.gov>
To: "Michael Stamatelatos" <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov>
Cc: "BOYER, ROGER L. (JSC-NC) (SAIC)" <roger.l.boyer1@jsc.nasa.gov>,
"Dennis Moore (E-mail)" <Dennis R.Moore@misfc.nasa.gov>
Subject: RE: HCAT Question
Date: Wed, 5 Feb 2003 13:51:11 -0600
X-Mailer: Internet Mail Sondon (5.5.2653 10)

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Michael.

The answer is, yes, we do consider the probability of Foreign Object Debris hits to the Orbiter TPS, but we make no distinction regarding where the debris came from. The debris could come from anywhere on the vehicle during ascent, micrometeoroid and orbital debris (MMOD) from on-orbit, and debris from the runway during Landing/Deceleration.

We also have a model for the probability of loss of External Tank (ET) insulation, but only in regards to overheating of the ET due to the loss of insulation. This is a MSFC model.

If you need a more in-depth answer, let me know.

Jan W. Railsback

Lead Analyst

Safety, Reliability, and Quality Assurance

Advanced Programs and Analysis Division

Ph: 281-483-7265 Fax: 281-244-2318

jan.railsback-1@nasa.gov

----Original Message-----

From: Michael Stamatelatos [mailto:mstamate@hg.nasa.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, February 05, 2003 1:06 PM

To: RAILSBACK, JAN (JSC-NX) (NASA); BOYER, ROGER L. (JSC-NC) (SAIC)

Subject: Fwd: HCAT Question

### Pepper Phillips, 03:33 PM 2/5/2003 -0500, Fwd: RE: HCAT Question

Importance: High

Jan/Roger:

HCAT is asking the following question:

"Was the potential of Foreign Object Debris impact damage considered in the existing PRA model?"

I need an official answer ASAP.

Thanks, Michael

Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
300 E Street, SW
Washington, DC 20024
Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
E-mail: Michael G.Stamatelatos@nasa.gov
(Please note change in e-mail address)

"Mission success starts with safety"

Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
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Washington, DC 20024
Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
E-mail: Michael.G.Stamatelatos@nasa.gov
(Please note change in e-mail address)

"Mission success starts with safety"

### Michael Stamatelatos, 03:27 PM 2/5/2003 -0500, Fwd: RE: HCAT Question

X-Sender: mstamate@mail.hq.nasa.gov
X-Mailer: QUALCOMM Windows Eudora Version 4.3.2
Date: Wed, 05 Feb 2003 15:27:18 -0500
To: Pepper Phillips <pphillip@hq.nasa.gov>
From: Michael Stamatelatos <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov>
Subject: Fwd: RE: HCAT Question
Co: nete rufledge@hg.nasa.gov

Cc: pete.rutledge@hq.nasa.gov

Peoper:

Jan Railsback is the current acting Shuttle PRA project manager.

His answer is given below.

Michael

From: "RAILSBACK, JAN (JSC-NX) (NASA)" <jan.railsback-1@nasa.gov>
To: "Michael Stamatelatos" <mstamate@hq.nasa.gov>
Cc: "BOYER, ROGER L. (JSC-NC) (SAIC)" <roger l.boyer1@jsc.nasa.gov>,
"Dennis Moore (E-mail)" <Dennis.R.Moore@msfc.nasa.gov>
Subject: RE: HCAT Question
Date: Wed, 5 Feb 2003 13:51:11 -0600
X-Mailer: Internet Mail Senion (5.5.3653.40)

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2653.19)

Michael,

The answer is, yes, we do consider the probability of Foreign Object Debris hits to the Orbiter TPS, but we make no distinction regarding where the debris came from. The debris could come from anywhere on the vehicle during ascent, micrometeoroid and orbital debris (MMOD) from on-orbit, and debris from the runway during Landing/Deceleration.

We also have a model for the probability of loss of External Tank (ET) insulation, but only in regards to overheating of the ET due to the loss of insulation. This is a MSFC model.

If you need a more in-depth answer, let me know.

Jan W. Railsback Lead Analyst Safety, Reliability, and Quality Assurance Advanced Programs and Analysis Division

Ph: 281-483-7265 Fax: 281-244-2318

jan.railsback-1@nasa.gov

----Original Message----

From: Michael Stamatelatos [mailto:mstamate@hq.nasa.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, February 05, 2003 1:06 PM To: RAILSBACK, JAN (JSC-NX) (NASA); BOYER, ROGER L. (JSC-NC) (SAIC)

Subject: Fwd: HCAT Question

Importance: High

Jan/Roger:

HCAT is asking the following question:

"Was the potential of Foreign Object Debris impact damage considered in the existing PRA model?

I need an official answer ASAP.

Thanks. Michael 1 Dr. Michael Stamatelatos
Manager, Agency Risk Assessment Program
NASA Headquarters - Mail Code QE
Office of Safety and Mission Assurance
300 E Street, SW
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Phone: 202/358-1668 Fax: 202/358-2778
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"Mission success starts with safety"

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"Mission success starts with safety"